1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: EPS 2500 ELECTROPOLISH
Synonyms: N.A.
CAS Number: MIXTURE
Chemical Family: Mineral Acid Mixture
Formula: Proprietary Information

Electro Polish Systems, Inc.
W175 N11117 Stonewood Dr.
Suite 101
Germantown, WI 53022
(414) 357-8445
(800) 959-0868

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: DANGER! CORROSIVE. Causes severe burns to eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Harmful or fatal if inhaled. Aspiration may cause lung damage. Cancer hazard. Water reactive. Not flammable, but reacts with most metals to form explosive/flammable hydrogen gas.

Physical State: Liquid.
Color: Clear. Colorless to pink or yellow.
Odor: No odor.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Routes of Exposure: Eyes. Skin. Inhalation. Ingestion.


Eye Contact: CORROSIVE-Causes severe irritation and burns. May cause: blurred vision. redness. pain. conjunctivitis. ulcerations. tissue destruction. permanent eye damage. blindness.

Skin Contact: CORROSIVE-Causes severe irritation and burns. Contact may cause: permanent skin damage. Contact may not produce an immediate burning sensation, delaying awareness that contact has occurred. Prolonged and repeated exposure to dilute solutions may cause irritation, redness, pain and drying and cracking of the skin.

Skin Absorption: No data available.

Inhalation: CORROSIVE-Causes severe irritation and burns. Vapors or mists may damage: mucous membranes. respiratory tract. Vapors or mists may cause: coughing. sore throat. shortness of breath. labored breathing. choking. bronchospasms. chemical pneumonitis. pulmonary edema. death. Effects may be delayed. Chronic exposure may cause: dental erosions. discoloration of teeth. bronchitis. bronchial emphysema.

Ingestion: CORROSIVE-Causes severe irritation and burns. May cause damage to the: mouth. throat. esophagus. stomach. gastrointestinal tract. May cause: pain. vomiting. diarrhea. bleeding. labored breathing. burns or perforation of the gastrointestinal tract leading to ulceration and secondary infection. death. Effects may be delayed. Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure to Product: Eye disorders. Skin disorders. Impaired respiratory function. Respiratory system disorders.

Other: Circulatory collapse with clammy skin, weak and rapid pulse, shallow respirations, and scanty urine may follow skin contact or ingestion. Circulatory shock is often the immediate cause of death.

Cancer Information:
This product contains 0.1% or more of the following chemicals listed by NTP, IARC or OSHA as known or possible carcinogens:
Potential Environmental Effects: See Section 12.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>% by Wt.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phosphoric Acid</td>
<td>7664-38-2</td>
<td>35 - 75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric Acid</td>
<td>7664-93-9</td>
<td>10 - 50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Tilt head to avoid contaminating unaffected eye. Get immediate medical attention. Remove contact lens if easy to do.

**Skin Contact:** Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Do not reuse clothing and shoes until cleaned. Do not apply oils or ointments unless ordered by the physician. Discard contaminated leather articles such as shoes and belt.

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

**Ingestion:** If fully conscious, drink a quart of water. DO NOT induce vomiting. CALL A PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY. If unconscious or in convulsions, take immediately to a hospital or a physician. NEVER induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious victim. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs.

**Note to Physicians:**
This product contains materials that may cause severe pneumonitis if aspirated. If ingestion has occurred less than 2 hours earlier, carry out careful gastric lavage; use endotracheal cuff if available, to prevent aspiration. Observe patient for respiratory difficulty from aspiration pneumonitis. Give artificial resuscitation and appropriate chemotherapy if respiration is depressed. Following exposure the patient should be kept under medical review for at least 48 hours as delayed pneumonitis may occur. DO NOT attempt to neutralize the acid with weak bases since the reaction will produce heat that may extend the corrosive injury.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Extinguishing Media:** Not flammable or combustible. For fires in area use appropriate media. For example: Water spray. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide. Foam.

**Fire Fighting Methods:** Evacuate area of unprotected personnel. Wear protective clothing including NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Remain upwind of fire to avoid hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Product generates heat upon addition of water, with possible spattering. Run-off from fire control may cause pollution. Do not get water inside containers. Neutralize run-off with Lime, Soda Ash, etc., to prevent corrosion of metals and formation of Hydrogen gas.

**Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Product may react with some metals (ex.: Aluminum, Zinc, Tin, etc.) to release flammable hydrogen gas. Will react with organic materials with evolution of heat and sulfur dioxide. Concentrated acid is a strong oxidizing agent. May cause ignition of combustible materials on contact with generation of sulfur dioxide fumes.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Phosphorous oxides. Phosphine. Toxic vapors. Sulfur oxides.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Spill Clean-Up Procedures:** CORROSIVE MATERIAL. Evacuate unprotected personnel from area. Maintain adequate ventilation. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section 8. Never exceed any occupational exposure limit. Contain spill, place into drums for proper disposal. Soak up residue with inert absorbent material. Place in non-leaking containers for immediate disposal. Flush remaining area with water and
neutralize with Soda Ash, Lime or Limestone and dispose of properly. Adequate ventilation is required if soda ash is used, because of the consequent release of carbon dioxide gas. Avoid direct discharge to sewers and surface waters. Notify authorities if entry occurs.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapors, mists, or dust. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in work area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Empty containers retain product residue (vapor, dust, or liquid) and can be dangerous. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other source of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. CORROSIVE MATERIAL. Ground lines and equipment used during transfer to reduce the possibility of static spark-initiated fire or explosion. Use non-sparking tools.

Storage: CORROSIVE MATERIAL. Store in a cool, well ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Store in a dry location away from heat. Keep away from incompatible materials. Keep containers tightly closed. Do not store in unlabeled or mislabeled containers. Do not freeze. Highly corrosive to most metals with evolution of hydrogen gas. Explosive/flammable concentrations of hydrogen gas may accumulate inside metal containers. Elevated temperatures will increase the corrosion rate of most metals.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OSHA Exposure Guidelines:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phosphoric Acid</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ TWA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric Acid</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ TWA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ACGIH Exposure Guidelines:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phosphoric Acid</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ TWA; 3 mg/m³ STEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric Acid</td>
<td>0.2 mg/m³ TWA (thoracic fraction)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering Controls: Local exhaust ventilation, process enclosures, or other engineering controls are required when handling or using this product to avoid overexposure. Maintain adequate ventilation. Do not use in closed or confined spaces. Avoid creating dust or mist. Keep levels below exposure limits. To determine exposure levels, monitoring should be performed regularly.

Eye/Face Protection: Wear chemical safety goggles and a full face shield while handling this product. Do not wear contact lenses.


Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection must be worn if ventilation does not eliminate symptoms or keep levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits are exceeded, wear: NIOSH-Approved air-purifying respirator with: Acid gas cartridge and Dust/mist filter. NIOSH-Approved positive pressure supplied air respirator. NIOSH-Approved self-contained breathing apparatus. DO NOT exceed limits established by the respirator manufacturer. All respiratory protection programs must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements and must be followed whenever workplace conditions require a respirator's use.


General Hygiene Conditions: Wash with soap and water before meal times and at the end of each work shift.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid.
Color: Clear. Colorless to pink or yellow.
Odor: No odor.
Boiling Point (deg. F): N.D.
Freezing Point (deg. F): N.D.
EPS 2500 ELECTROPOLISH
Product ID: EP250001

Melting Point (deg. F): N.D.
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): N.D.
Vapor Density (air=1): N.D.
Solubility in Water: Complete
pH: <1 (as is)
Specific Gravity: 1.730 @ 25C
% Volatile (wt%): N.D.
Evaporation Rate (nBuAc = 1): N.D.
VOC (wt%): 0
VOC (lbs/gal): 0
Viscosity: 43 CPS @ 25 C
Flash Point: N.A.
Flash Point Method: N.A.
Lower Explosion Limit: N.A.
Upper Explosion Limit: N.A.
Autoignition Temperature: No Data
Fire Point: N.D.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Contact with water may cause violent reaction with evolution of heat. To dilute: Add product slowly to lukewarm water; not water to product. Avoid high temperatures. Avoid contact with heat, sparks, electric arcs, other hot surfaces, and open flames. Contact with organic materials may cause fire and explosions.


Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions. May react with certain metals to produce flammable hydrogen gas. Mixing with strong bases can cause high heat of reaction and generate steam. Reacts with chlorides + stainless steel to form explosive hydrogen gas. Phosphoric acid forms flammable gases with sulfides, mercaptans, cyanides and aldehydes. Phosphoric acid mixtures with nitromethane are explosive. Hazardous gases are evolved on contact with chemicals such as cyanides, sulfides, carbides, etc.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Oral LD50</th>
<th>Dermal LD50</th>
<th>Inhalation LC50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phosphoric Acid</td>
<td>Rat: 1530 mg/kg</td>
<td>Rabbit: 2730 mg/kg</td>
<td>1H Rat: &gt; 850 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric Acid</td>
<td>Rat: 2140 mg/kg</td>
<td>No Data</td>
<td>1H Mouse: 320 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2H Rat: 510 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1H Rat: 347 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has concluded that occupational exposure to strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid is carcinogenic to man, causing cancer of the larynx (the voice box). Although no direct link has been established between exposure to sulfuric acid itself, and cancer in man, exposure to any mist or aerosol during the use of this product should be avoided.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological Information: No data available.
EPS 2500 ELECTROPOLISH
Product ID: EP250001

Chemical Fate Information: Phosphates are plant nutrients and may contribute to the growth of phytoplankton in water.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Hazardous Waste Number: D002
Disposal Method: Dispose of in a permitted hazardous waste management facility following all local, state and federal regulations. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. DO NOT pressurize, cut, weld, solder, drill, grind or expose empty containers to heat, flame, sparks or other sources of ignition.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT (Department of Transportation):
Identification Number: UN3264
Proper Shipping Name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (CONTAINS PHOSPHORIC ACID, SULFURIC ACID)
Hazard Class: 8
Packing Group: II
Label Required: CORROSIVE
Reportable Quantity (RQ): 5000# (Phosphoric Acid); 1000# (Sulfuric Acid)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA Inventory Status: All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements.

SARA Title III Section 311/312 Category Hazards:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Immediate (Acute)</th>
<th>Delayed (Chronic)</th>
<th>Fire Hazard</th>
<th>Pressure Release</th>
<th>Reactive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Regulated Components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>CERCLA RQ</th>
<th>SARA EHS</th>
<th>SARA 313</th>
<th>U.S. HAP</th>
<th>WI HAP</th>
<th>Prop 65</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phosphoric Acid</td>
<td>7664-38-2</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfuric Acid</td>
<td>7664-93-9</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Prop 65 - May Contain the Following Trace Components

Arsenic
Cadmium
Chromium
Lead
Mercury
Nickel

Note: * Sulfuric acid appears on the Section 313 List. However, the listing only applies to the aerosol forms of sulfuric acid.

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Hazard Rating System
Health: 3*
Flammability: 0
Reactivity: 2
* = Chronic Health Hazard

NFPA Rating System
Health: 3
Flammability: 0
Reactivity: 2
Special Hazard: W
MSDS Abbreviations
N.A. = Not Applicable
N.D. = Not Determined
HAP = Hazardous Air Pollutant
VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
C = Ceiling Limit
N.E./Not Estab. = Not Established

MSDS Prepared by: CSH

Reason for Revision: Change(s) made in Section 1.

The data in this Material Safety Data Sheet relates to the specific material designated and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or process. The data contained is believed to be correct. However, since conditions of use are outside our control it should not be taken as warranty or representation for which ELECTRO POLISH SYSTEMS, INC. assumes legal responsibility. This information is provided solely for your consideration, investigation, and verification.